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TDBAdvGrid availability

TDBAdvGrid is available as VCL component for Win32/Win64 application development.


TDBAdvGrid use

The TMS TDBAdvGrid component is designed to be used in the most broad types of applications needing to display or handle data in rows and columns. TDBAdvGrid descends from TAdvStringGrid and as such inherits a lot of functionality of TAdvStringGrid. Please refer to the TAdvStringGrid developers guide, help file and samples for information specifically about the base grid features.
TDBAdvGrid architecture

TDBAdvGrid descends from TAdvStringGrid. TAdvStringGrid is a grid designed to show & edit data that is either stored in cells or virtual cells. The number of cells displayed (rows x columns) in the grid always reflects the number of cells or virtual cells in the grid. Through a Columns collection, property grid.Columns[ColumnIndex].FieldName, it can be configured what DB fields to display in each column. With this Columns property it is possible to define things like color, font, editor type, formatting, etc... for a column in the grid. TDBAdvGrid adds data-awareness to TAdvStringGrid in two distinct ways:

TDBAdvGrid with PageMode property set true

This is the default mode for TDBAdvGrid. With PageMode = true, the behaviour of TDBAdvGrid most closely resembles the behaviour of the Borland TDBGrid. This means that TDBAdvGrid only loads the rows from the connected dataset that are visible. The grid will load a new page of rows when it is scrolled to a previous or next page. As the grid loads the minimum number of rows that is simultaneously required for display, this is the fastest mode. A disadvantage of this mode is that not all rows are simultaneously available for operations like searching, grouping, filtering, sorting, export, printing.

TDBAdvGrid with PageMode property set false

When PageMode is false, all rows of the dataset are loaded in the grid when the dataset is activated. This can have an initial performance hit for large datasets. After all data is loaded from the dataset, the grid is disconnected from the dataset. The full base class TAdvStringGrid operations on the data can now be directly executed. A disadvantage is that the grid will not operate synchronously with the dataset cursor and cannot edit the dataset.

It will depend on the requirements of your applications what mode is recommended. For typical reporting scenarios where user just needs to view, sort, print, export data the grid with PageMode set to false is adequate and operates with minimum amount of code to add. For scenarios where data should be editable, where a dataset cursor is important, where a very large dataset is used, ... it is recommended to use TDBAdvGrid with PageMode set to true.
To get started with TDBAdvGrid, the easiest way is to drop a TDataSource on the form and connect it to a TDataSet of choice. Activate the dataset and connect the TDataSource to TDBAdvGrid. With the default setting of TDBAdvGrid.AutoCreateColumns as true, the grid will automatically create TDBGridColumnItem instances for every DB field in the dataset and add it to the Columns collection. The TDBGridColumnItem.FieldName will be initialized with the fieldnames found in the dataset Fields collection. When TDBAdvGrid.AutoRemoveColumns is set to true, deactivating the dataset will automatically remove all columns from the grid.

The TDBGridColumn further offers following customizations for the grid:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Alignment</th>
<th>Sets</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AutoMaxSize</td>
<td>Sets the maximum size of a column width during calls to grid.AutoColumnSize()</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AutoMinSize</td>
<td>Sets the minimum size of a column width during calls to grid.AutoColumnSize()</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BorderPen</td>
<td>Sets the pen for the cell borders in the column</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Borders</td>
<td>Defines what borders of the cell to draw</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CheckBoxField</td>
<td>When true, the field is treated as a Boolean field represented by a checkbox</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CheckFalse</td>
<td>Sets the value of the DB field that corresponds with an unchecked checkbox</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CheckTrue</td>
<td>Sets the value of the DB field that corresponds with a checked checkbox</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Color</td>
<td>Sets the column background color</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ColumnPopup</td>
<td>Sets the popup menu that is used for the column</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ColumnPopupType</td>
<td>Defines when the popup menu should be displayed, i.e. on left or right mouse click, for normal, fixed or all cells.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ComboItems</td>
<td>Holds possible values for a combobox inplace editor for the column</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DataImageField</td>
<td>When true, the field value is used as index to display an image of the connected ImageList</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EditLength</td>
<td>Sets the max. edit length for the inplace editor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EditLink</td>
<td>Sets the TEditLink component that is used to bind external editors as inplace editors for the grid.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EditMask</td>
<td>Sets the editmask for an inplace mask editor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Editor</td>
<td>Sets the editor type to be used for the column</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FieldName</td>
<td>Sets the fieldname for the dataset field that is displayed in the column</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Filter</td>
<td>Sets a list of filter values for a column in the grid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FilterCaseSensitive</td>
<td>When true, a filter specified for the column is treated as case sensitive</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fixed</td>
<td>When true, the column’s cells are displayed as fixed cells</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FloatFormat</td>
<td>Sets the format specifier for DB fields that are floating point data. For a list of possible format specifiers, see TAdvStringGrid developers guide or in the Borland Help file under the Format() function</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Font</td>
<td>Sets the font of the column</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Header</td>
<td>Sets the column header text. When empty, the FieldName.DisplayLabel is used as column header text</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HeaderAlignment</td>
<td>Sets the alignment of the header text</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HeaderFont</td>
<td>Sets the font of the header text</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HTMLTemplate</td>
<td>Sets the HTML template of the column. This allows to display multiple DB fields in one column. See paragraph on using the HTMLTemplate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MaxSize</td>
<td>When different from zero, this is the max. width a column can have when columnsizing by user is enabled (with goColSizing = true in grid.Options)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MinSize</td>
<td>When different from zero, this is the min. width a column can have when columnsizing by user is enabled (with goColSizing = true in grid.Options)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Name</td>
<td>Sets the name of the TDBGridColumnItem instance</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Password</td>
<td>When true, a password inplace editor is used and the field is displayed with the asterix character.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
When true and a blob field is connected to the column, the blob data is treated as an image and displayed.

PrintBorderPen | Sets the pen used for printing the cell border
PrintBorders  | Sets what borders of a cell to print
PrintColor   | Sets the column background cell color for printing
PrintFont    | Sets the column font for printing
ProgressBKColor | Sets the background color for a progressbar
ProgressColor | Sets the foreground color for a progressbar
ProgressField  | When true, the field value in the column is treated as a value to set the progressbar. Note that this requires that the field value is between 0 and 100. If this is not available in the dataset, a calculated field could be used to generate a value between 0 and 100.
ProgressTextBKColor | Sets the text color on a progressbar for the background coloured part
ProgressTextColor | Sets the text color on a progressbar for the foreground coloured part
ReadOnly   | When true, the column cannot be edited
ShowBands   | When true, the column will display the bands as defined by the property grid.Bands
ShowUnicode | When true, the grid will try to display the blob field data as Unicode text
SortPrefix  | Sets the prefix text part to ignore for internal sorting. If text has a currency specifier as prefix for example, this prefix can be ignored for sorting on the value.
SortSuffix  | Sets the suffix text part to ignore for internal sorting. If text has a currency specifier as suffix for example, this suffix can be ignored for sorting on the value.
SpinMax     | Sets the maximum value for a spinedit inplace editor
SpinMin     | Sets the minimum value for a spinedit inplace editor
SpinStep    | Sets the step value for a spinedit inplace editor
Tag         | Integer value for custom use
Width       | Sets the width of the column

Other than the column properties, some other settings need to be considered. With PageMode set to true, some datasets maintain internally an order for returning the pages of displayed rows to the grid and some not. This depends on the implementation of the TDataSet component that is used to connect to the database of choice. In general, when there is a problem with scrolling in the grid, it is recommended to set the property DataSetType to dtNonSequenced.

TDBAdvGrid also tries to know the number of rows in the dataset internally. To be database implementation independent, this is done by getting the result of the operation Dataset.First
rowcount := DataSet.MoveBy($FFFFFFFF);

Some dataset implementations have a slow MoveBy operation that causes in turn that TDBAdvGrid is slow. A solution for this is to use a SQL ‘SELECT COUNT’ operation to supply the number of rows in the dataset to TDBAdvGrid via the event OnGetRecordCount. Most datasets have a fast implementation of the ‘SELECT COUNT’ command. With TDBAdvGrid.PageMode set to true and OnGetRecordCount implemented via a ‘SELECT COUNT’. The sample application BDERecordCount in the TDBAdvGrid samples distribution shows how this can be done. In this sample, OnGetRecordCount is implemented as:

```pascal
procedure TForm1.DBAdvGrid1GetRecordCount(Sender: TObject; var Count: Integer);
begin
  Query2.SQL.Text := 'select Count(*) from Country.db';
```
Query2.Active := True;
Count := Query2.Fields[0].AsInteger;
Query2.Active := False;
end;

TDBAdvGrid sorting

TAdvStringGrid offers built-in automatic sorting by a click on the column header. This is an often required feature that can be used with TDBAdvGrid too. When the PageMode property is set to false, all data is available in the grid and it is ready to be sorted by the internal sorting mechanism of the grid. Other than setting SortSettings.Show to true, there is nothing to do to enable the sorting. When PageMode is set to true though, only visible records are loaded in the grid. The internal sorting of the grid can as such not be applied to sort a full dataset. It is required to perform a sort through the dataset itself. TDBAdvGrid has built-in code that detects whether a TQuery or TADOQuery dataset is connected and will automatically generate the property SQL ORDER BY clause to perform the sorting on the dataset. For other dataset types, it is required though to implement the grid OnCanSort event. In the TDBAdvGrid samples distribution, the demo BDESort shows how this can be done. The implementation of this OnCanSort event is:

procedure TForm1.DBAdvGrid1CanSort(Sender: TObject; ACol: Integer;
var DoSort: Boolean);
var
fldname:string;
begin
DoSort := False; // disable internal sort

// toggle sort order
if dbadvgrid1.SortSettings.Direction = sdAscending then
  dbadvgrid1.SortSettings.Direction := sdDescending
else
  dbadvgrid1.SortSettings.Direction := sdAscending;

// get field name of the column clicked
fldname := query1.FieldList.Fields[ACol - 1].FieldName;

if pos(' ',fldname) > 0 then
  fldname := 'biolife.db."'+fldname+'"';

// add ORDER BY clause to the query
query1.SQL.Text := 'select * from biolife.db ORDER BY '+fldname;

if dbadvgrid1.SortSettings.Direction = sdDescending then
  query1.SQL.Text := query1.SQL.Text + ' DESC';

query1.Active := true;
end;
TDBAdvGrid HTML templates

Through a HTML template, it is possible to put multiple fields in a single cell with optionally HTML formatting. This is done by specifying a HTML template via the property DBAdvGrid.Columns[Index].HTMLTemplate. The HTML template is a string where a DB field reference set by <#DBFIELDNAME> will be replaced by the DB field value for each record for display. For example, when a table has a field SIZE and WEIGHT, the following HTML template creates a single cell with text in blue, red & bold:

```
DBAdvGrid.Columns[2].HTMLTemplate := '<FONT color="clBlue">Size is </FONT> <B><#SIZE> ft</B> <FONT color="clRed"> and weight is </FONT> <B><#Weight> kg</B>';
```

The resulting grid looks like:

![Grid Example](image-url)
TDBAdvGrid memo fields, Boolean fields & image blobs

TDBAdvGrid can automatically display memo fields, can show Boolean fields as checkboxes in the grid and can display images stored in blob fields. By default, a memo field is displayed as ‘(MEMO)’ and an image blob is displayed as ‘(GRAPHIC)’ just like in the Borland TDBGrid. To show real contents of memo fields, set global property DBAdvGrid.ShowMemoFields = true. To have the cell sizes automatically sized according to the text in memo fields, it is sufficient to call Grid.AutoSizeRows(false,4) after activating the dataset.

By default, a DB field of the type ftBoolean is displayed as value ‘true’ or ‘false’. TDBAdvGrid can also automatically show such ftBoolean field type as a checkbox. To do this, set DBAdvGrid.ShowBooleanFields = true. One step further is that TDBAdvGrid can also show checkboxes for DB fields that do not have the type ftBoolean but that can have two values. This can be used with databases that do not support Boolean field types for example where a true condition is stored in a field as one value and false condition is stored as another value. To show checkboxes for such fields, set DBAdvGrid.Columns[columnindex].CheckBoxField = true and set via the properties DBAdvGrid.Columns[columnindex].CheckTrue, DBAdvGrid.Columns[columnindex].CheckFalse the values for a true condition and false condition.

Example:

Assume that an Interbase numeric field stores 1 as true condition and 0 as false condition. We want to display & edit this field with a checkbox. As the DB field type is ftNumeric, setting DBAdvGrid.ShowBooleanFields will not show this field as checkboxes. Setting DBAdvGrid.Columns[numerifieldindex].CheckBoxField = true will show checkboxes and the checked state of the checkbox is controlled with DBAdvGrid.Columns[numerifieldindex].CheckTrue = ‘1’ and DBAdvGrid.Columns[numerifieldindex].CheckFalse = ‘0’.

TDBAdvGrid can also show BMP, GIF, JPEG images that are stored in BLOB fields. By default, such fields are displayed as ‘(GRAPHIC)’. When setting DBAdvGrid.ShowPictureFields = true, all fields with the type ftGraphic will be displayed as images. In some databases, the field type for an image field will not be ftGraphic but just ftBlob for example. The grid cannot automatically know that the BLOB data should be interpreted as an image though. If a DB field of the type ftBlob holds images, DBAdvGrid.Columns[columnindex].PictureField can be set to true and for this column, the grid will try to display the BLOB data as BMP, GIF or JPEG image.
TDBAdvGrid editing

TDBAdvGrid supports various inplace editors as well as the capability to use external controls as inplace editor for the grid. The TAdvStringGrid documentation has an overview of all possible inplace editors that are included and how to use external editors as well.

To enable editing in the grid, it is required that:

- the database table is editable
- the database field is editable
- DBAdvGrid.PageMode = true
- the option goEditing is set to true in DBAdvGrid.Options

TDBAdvGrid can perform editing in two modes. This is selected by the property DBAdvGrid.EditPostMode. When this is set to epCell, this means that the value that has been edited is posted immediately to the database when a cell leaves inplace editing. When DBAdvGrid.EditPostMode is set to epRow, this means that a Post will only happen when all cells in a row have been edited and the user moves to another row. Typically, for tables with various required fields, the epRow setting is the preferred setting.

When a selected cell is clicked, the inplace editing starts. The inplace editing can also be programmatically started and stopped with methods DBAdvGrid.ShowInplaceEdit, DBAdvGrid.HideInplaceEdit. It is important to know that editing of a cell or row stops when the inplace editor looses focus. Only when it looses focus, the edited value is either directly posted (epCell mode) or internally stored (epRow mode) to post when the row changes. In some circumstances, it is possible that a non focusable control performs an operation on the dataset that expected the editing to be finished. This is the case with the TDBNavigator. The grid cannot know that a TDBNavigator or other non focusable control is clicked. To avoid that the grid remains in editing mode when a database operation assumes editing has stopped, programmatically call DBAdvGrid.HideInplaceEdit. In case of the TDBNavigator, this could be done for example from the event DBNavigator.BeforeAction. Note that it is harmless that DBAdvGrid.HideInplaceEdit is called even when it is not in editing mode.
TDBAdvGrid Unicode support

TDBAdvGrid has built-in support to edit Unicode DB fields. Following Unicode inplace editors are available:

- edUniComboEdit : Unicode editable combobox
- edUniComboList : Unicode combobox
- edUniEdit : regular Unicode inplace editor
- edUniEditBtn : regular Unicode inplace editor with embedded button
- edUniMemo : multiline Unicode memo editor

When the DB field type, returned by TDBField.DataType is ftWideString, TDBAdvGrid will automatically show the field as Unicode. Make sure though that a TrueType font is used that includes the Unicode character sets that are being used. A very complete and recommend font is Arial Unicode MS.

In some databases that do not really support Unicode, it is possible that the Unicode is stored in a BLOB field. To show the Unicode properly in the grid, set DBAdvGrid.Columns[columnindex].ShowUnicode = true. This setting will treat the binary data in the BLOB field as Unicode text.

Some additional helper events are available that can be used for Unicode editing:

- OnGetEditWideText : this event is triggered just before inplace editing starts and allows to override the default text with which the inplace editor will be started.
- OnSetEditWideText : this event is triggered when the inplace editing ends and returns the new text
- OnCellValidateWide : this event is triggered when editing is about to end, it returns the new edited text and allows to modify, accept or cancel the edited text.